



Digital transformation mapmaking as a service
Exploring the business opportunity
Workshop at The Cube, Athens, Oct 17, 2019

Digital Transformation Mapmaking

DCSYM for value modelling

Panagiotis Papaioannou
p.papaioannou@gmail.com

DISCLAIMER

This presentation is not a complete scientific work. It contains extracts from third-party works, some of which, though, make no explicit reference to the original source.

It is provided as an information resource only and not for further use.

Digital Transformation



SOURCE: powerdigitalmarketing.com

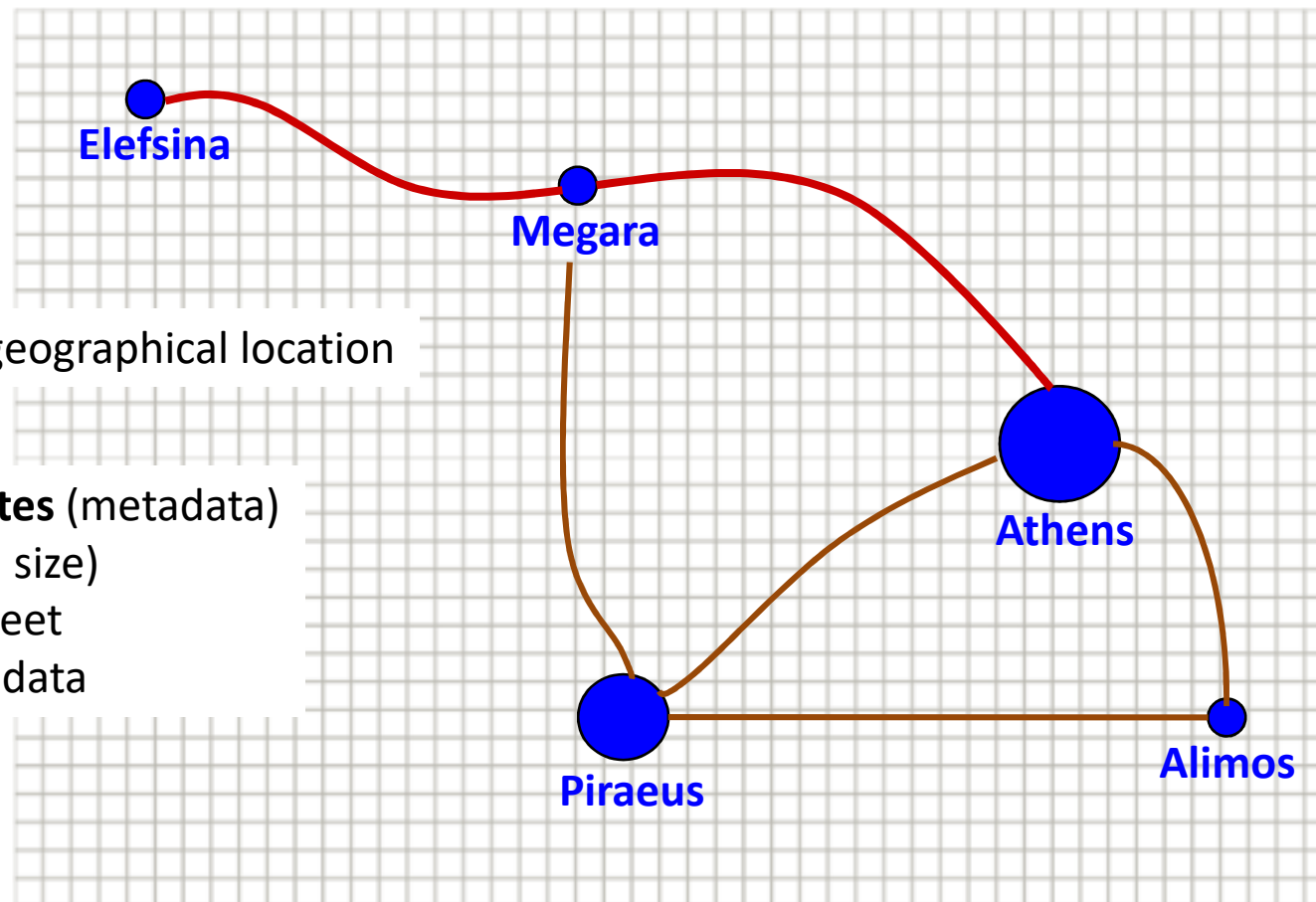
Mapping

Background: geographical coordinates

Objects having geographical location

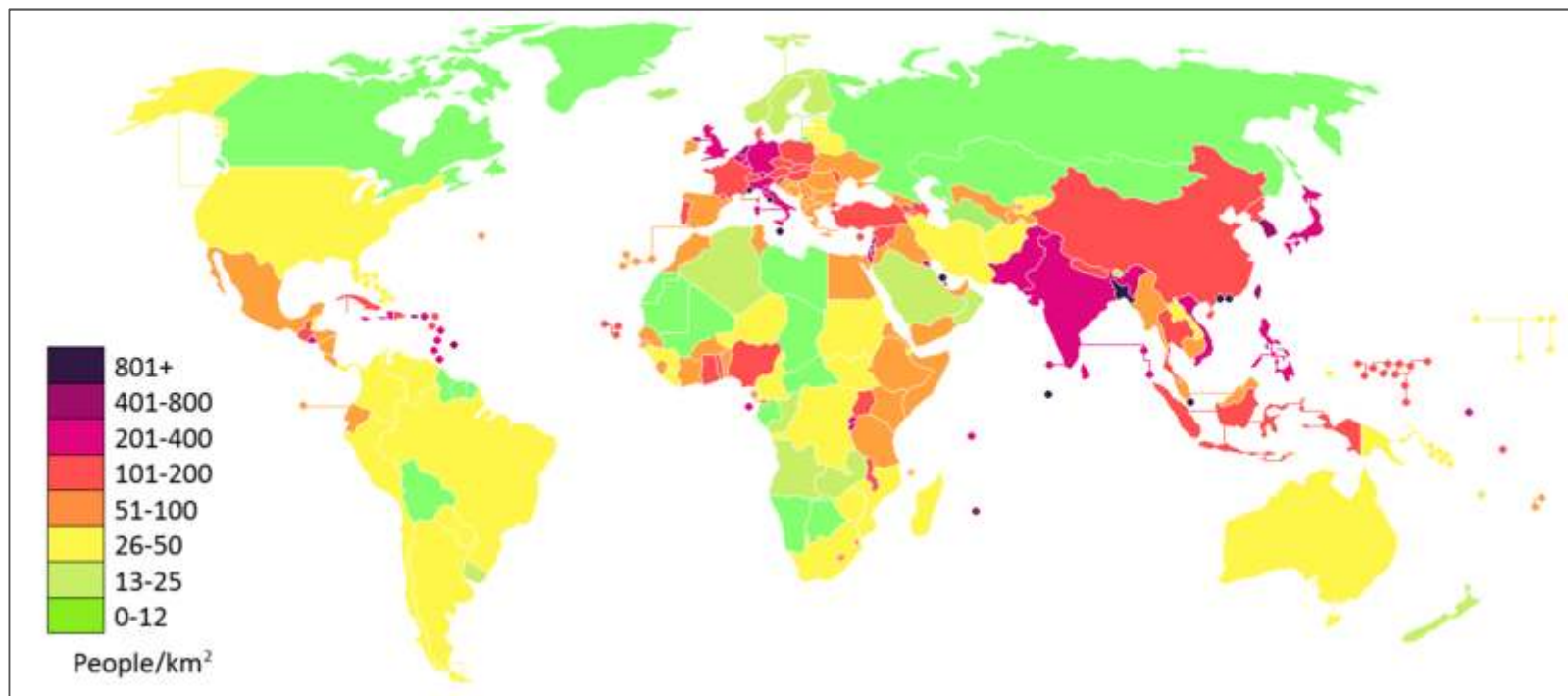
Objects' attributes (metadata)

- Visible (color, size)
- Properties sheet
- Other binary data



Mapping :: Static

World population density map, 2006



SOURCE: commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:World_population_density_map.PNG

Mapping :: Dynamic, Real Time, Interactive



SOURCE: [flightradar24.com](https://www.flightradar24.com)

Software Maps

Background

SW modules

Objects mapped

Code volume
Code complexity
Nesting level
Development status
Testing effort
Change impact
Failure Propagation
Etc... etc...

Software map example



Complexity hotspots in the implementation of the JBoss software system.

[illegible]

SOURCE: Bohnet, J., & Döllner, J. (2011).

Monitoring code quality and development activity by software maps.

Software Development Challenges

Challenges:

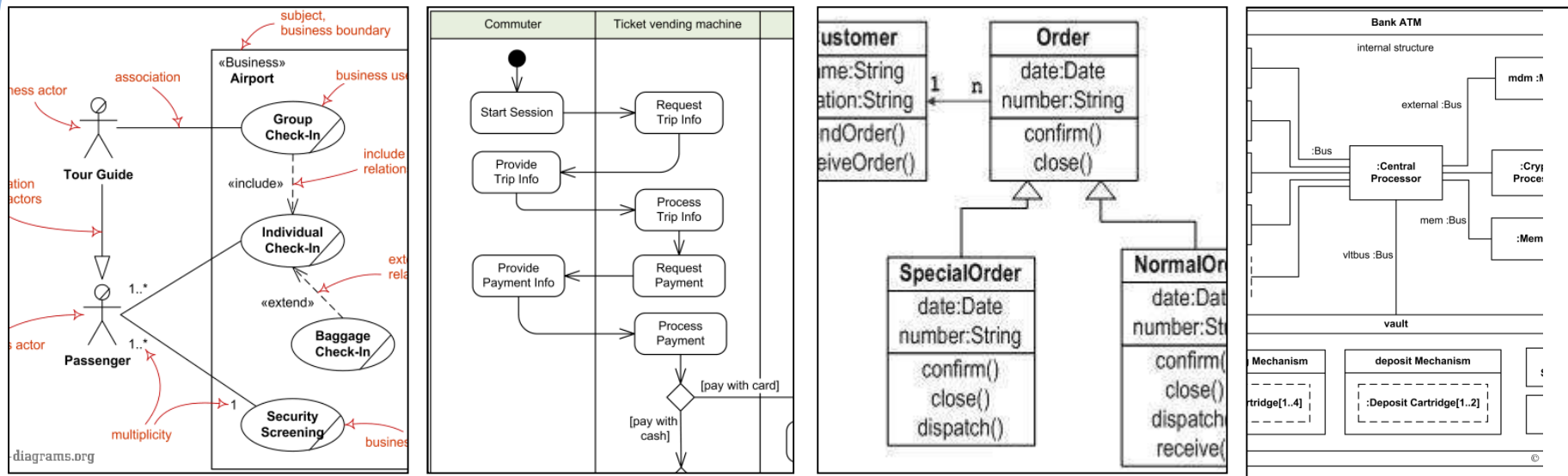
- Meet requirements
- Deliver on time
- Deliver on budget
- Quality standards
- Maintainability

Requirements:

- Stakeholders groups
- Often conflicting
- Changing
- Sometimes unwritten

Developers spend a significant part of their time with trying to understand the system's structure and behavior

UML



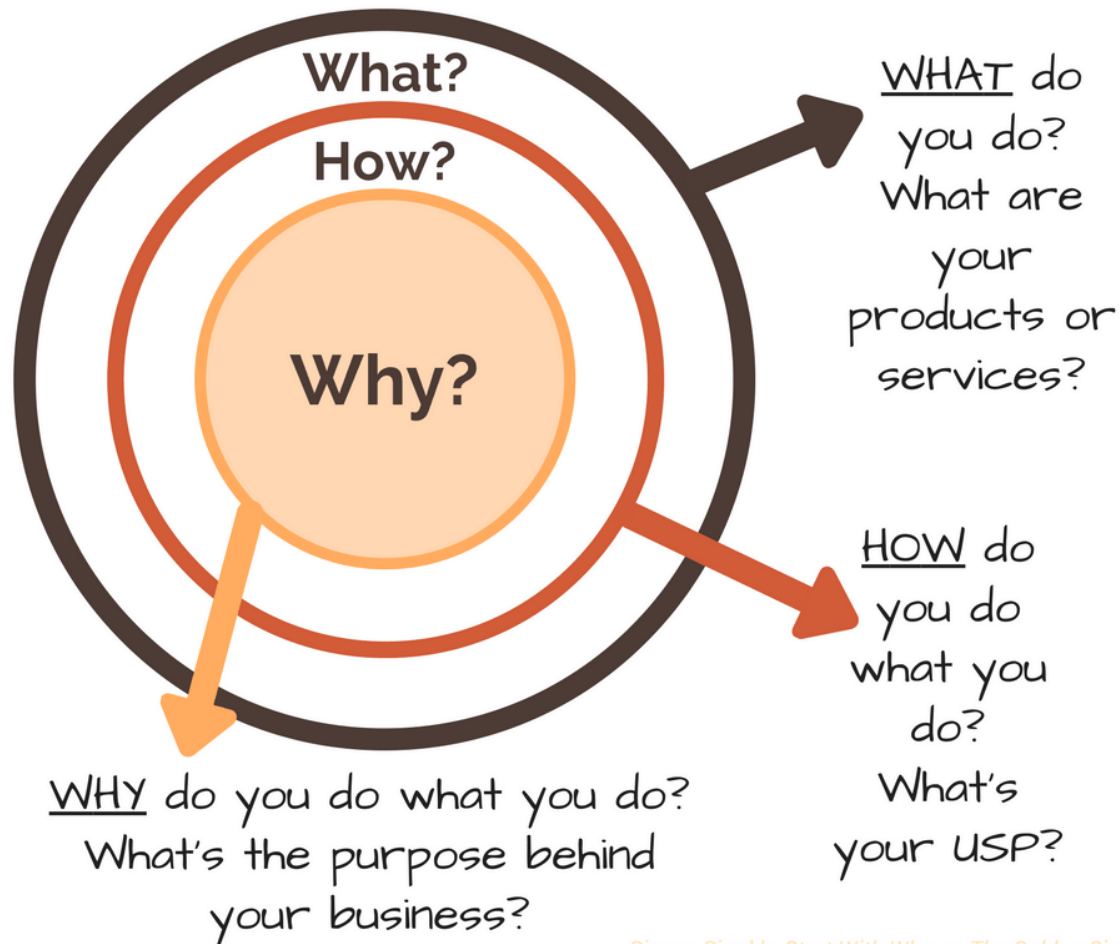
UML is a standard but for whom ?

UML misuses:

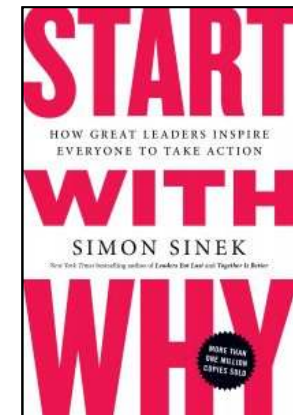
- Overuse
- Using all capabilities
- Analysis -> paralysis

UML scope is a problem for learning and using it

Why – How – What



Simon Sinek's *Start With Why*, or *The Golden Circle*



Simon Sinek's book: "Start With Why"

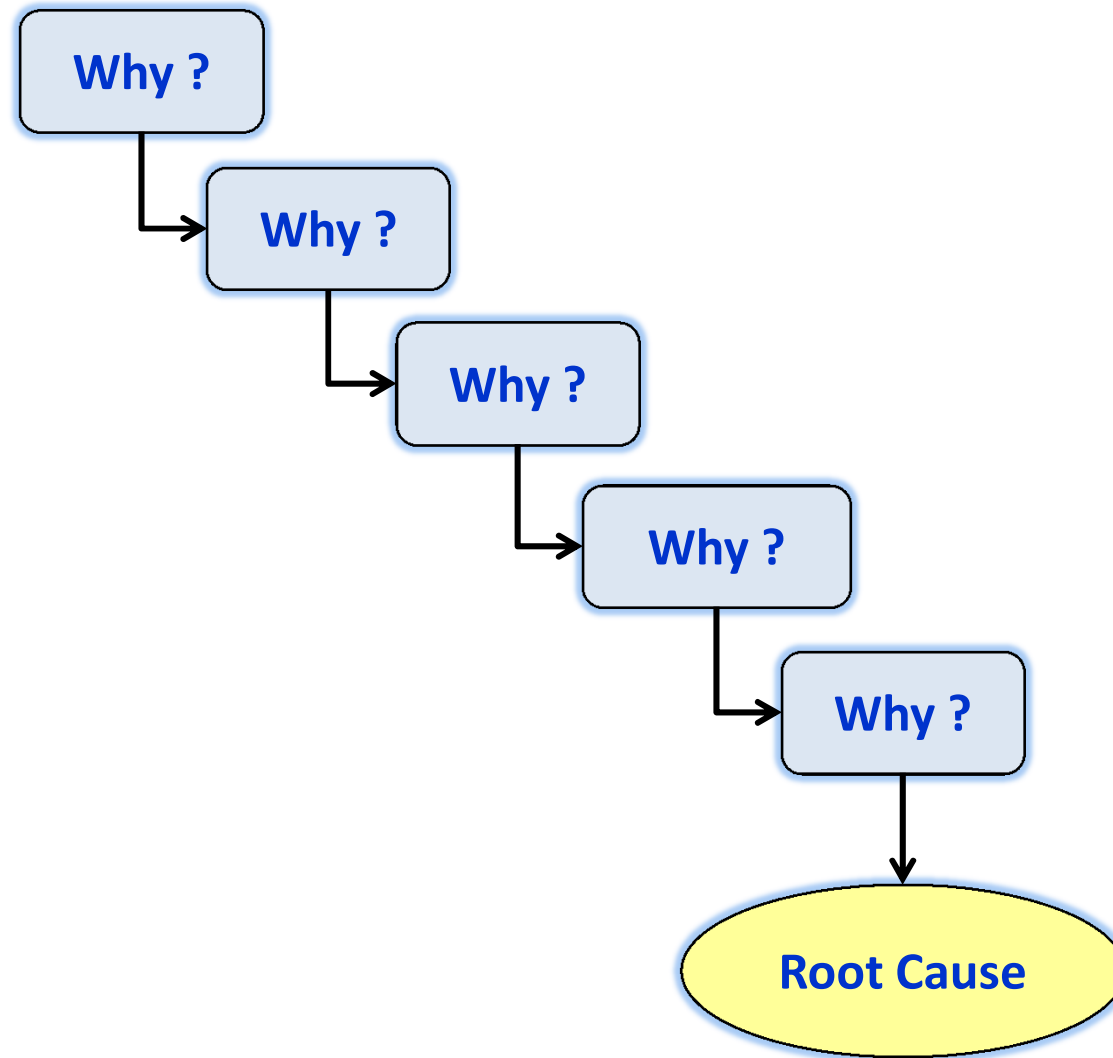
The root cause - Five whys



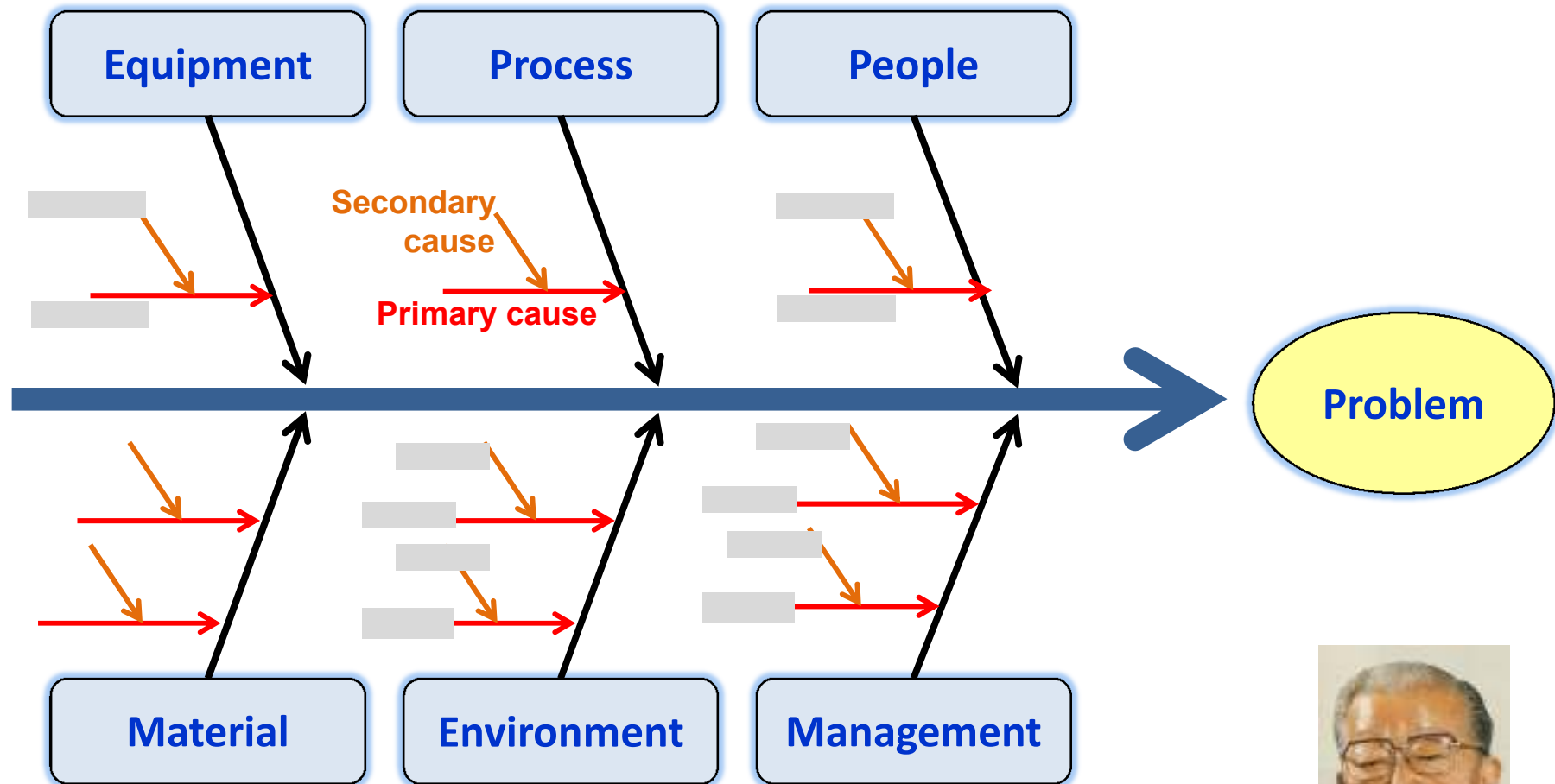
Sakichi Toyoda



Taiichi Ohno



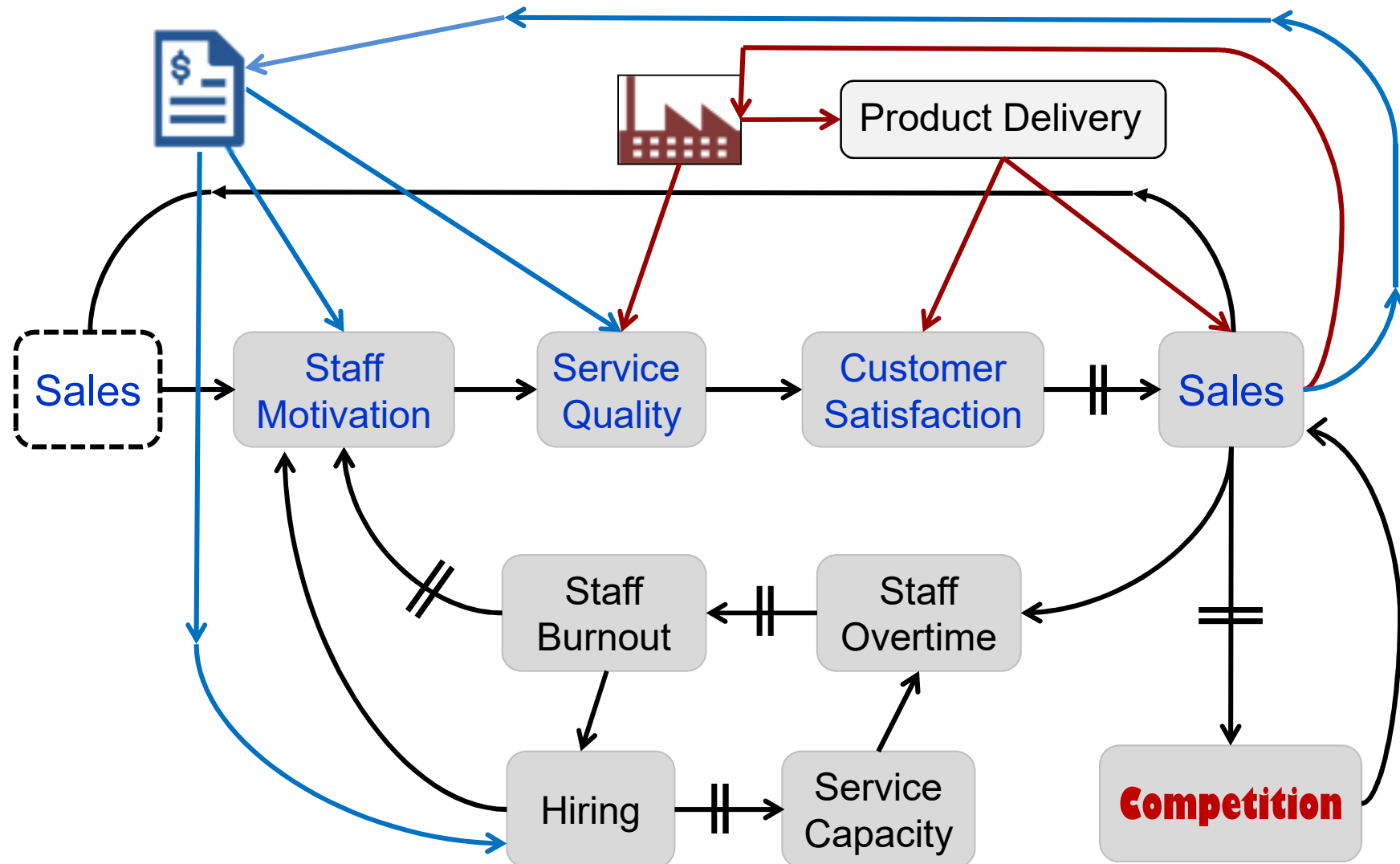
Cause-and-effect diagrams



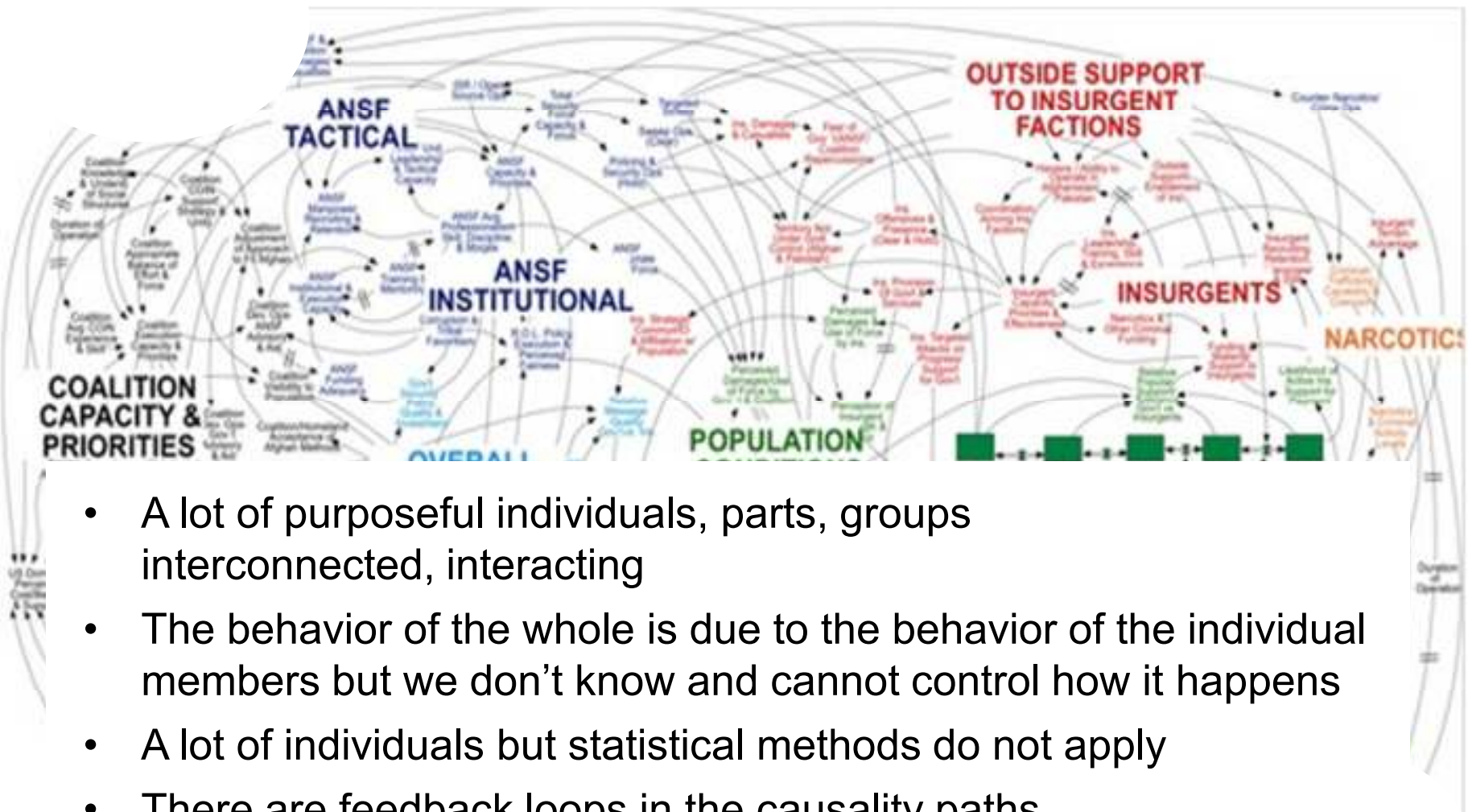
Ishikawa diagrams or **Fishbone** diagrams



Trying to find the “root” cause



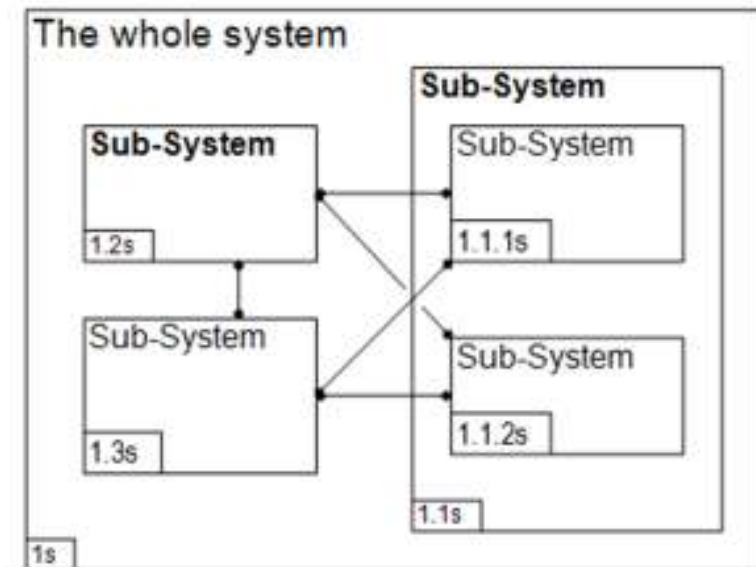
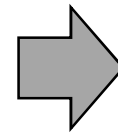
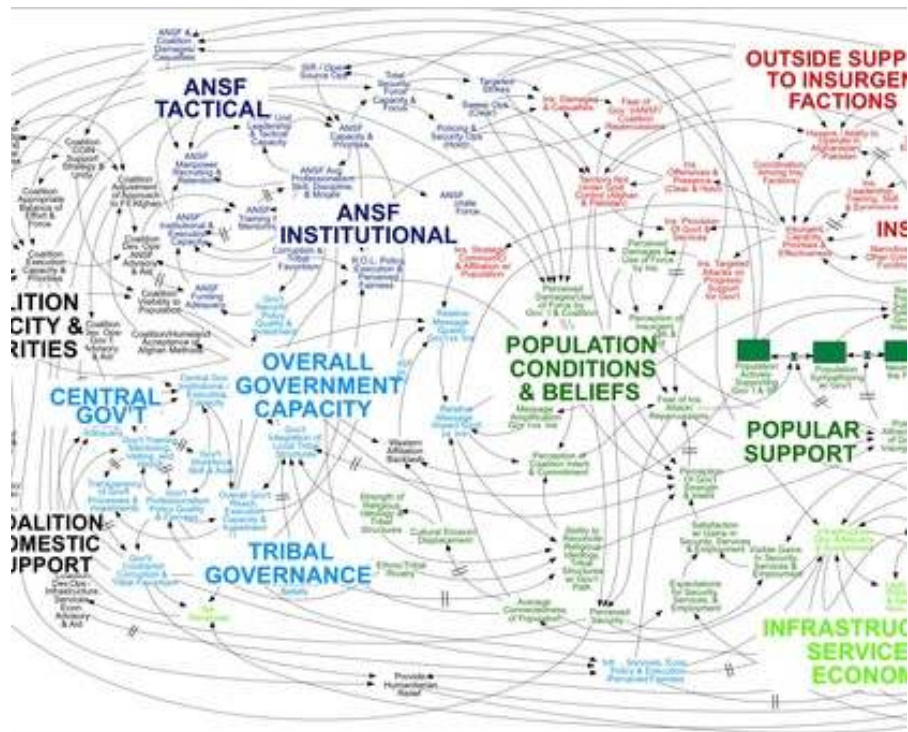
Characteristics of a Complex System



- A lot of purposeful individuals, parts, groups interconnected, interacting
- The behavior of the whole is due to the behavior of the individual members but we don't know and cannot control how it happens
- A lot of individuals but statistical methods do not apply
- There are feedback loops in the causality paths
- There are delays in the cause-and-effect interactions

Dealing with complexity

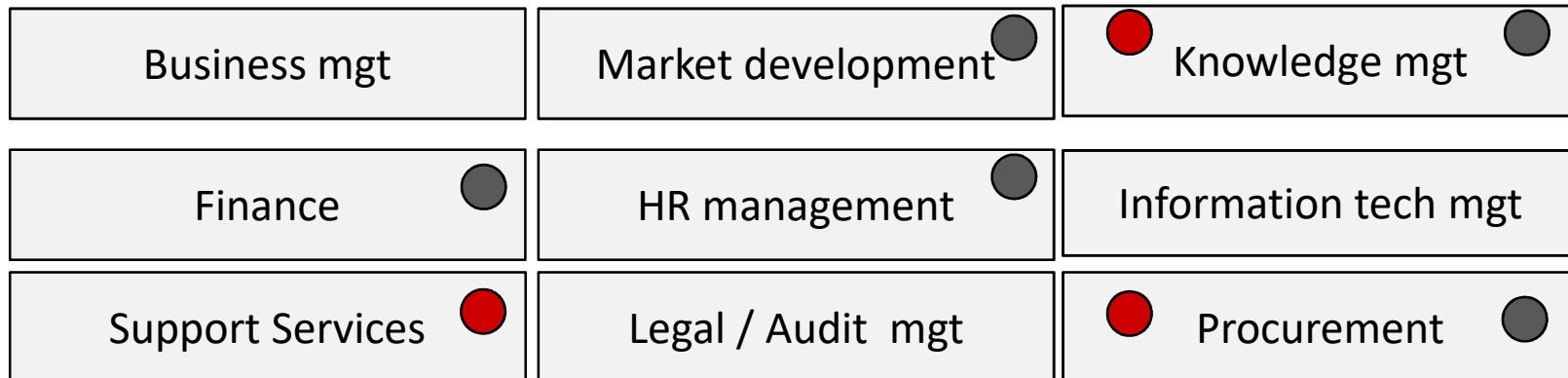
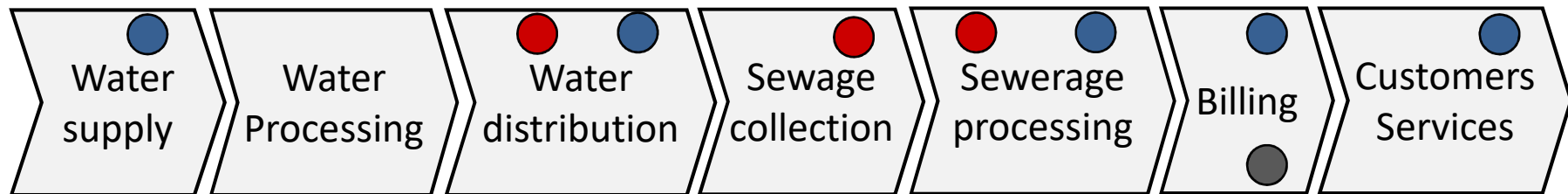
Mental Models – Higher abstraction levels – Variety reduction



Value mapping background :: Value Chain Modelling

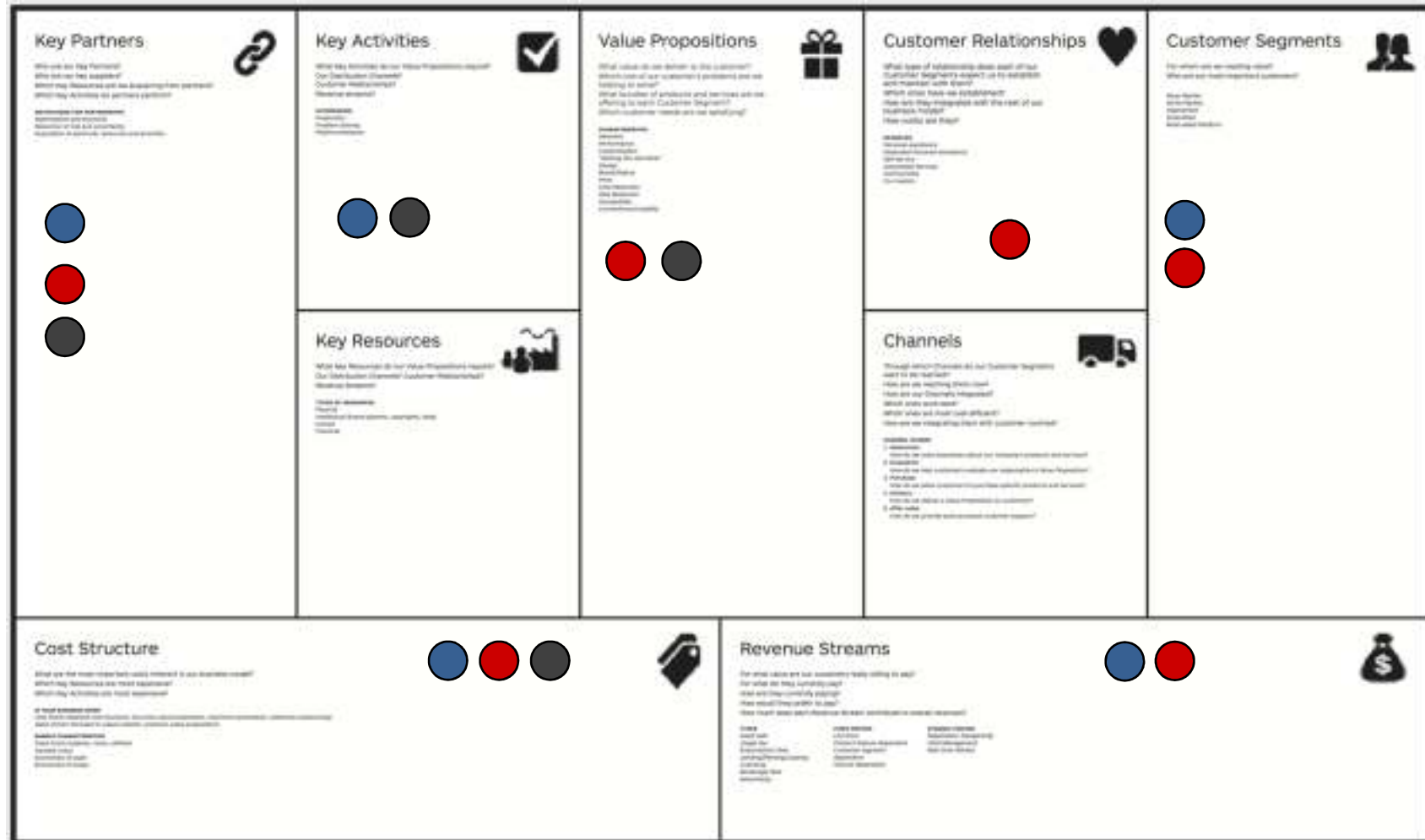
Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company (EYDAP S.A.)

Primary value activities - value chain



Secondary / support activities

Value mapping background :: Business Model Canvas

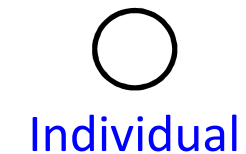
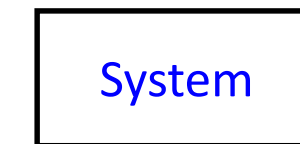
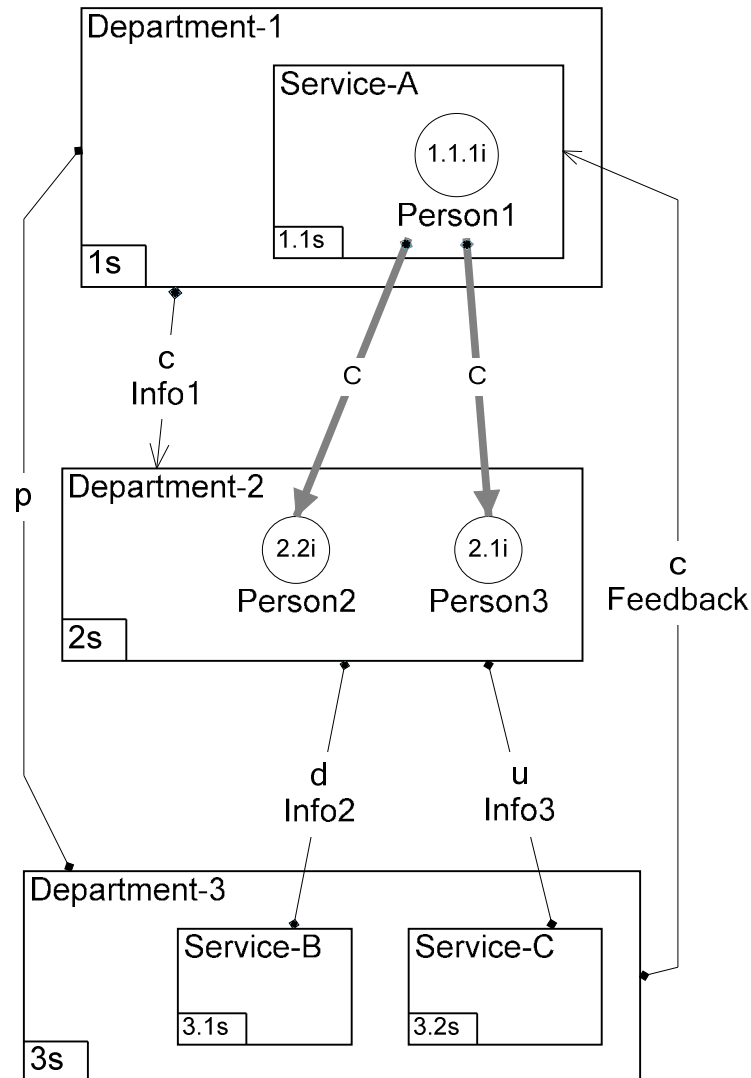


SOURCE: en.wikipedia.org

Business Model Canvas: nine business model building blocks, Osterwalder, Pigneur & al. 2010

DCSYM (Design and Control Systemic Methodology)

A modelling methodology for systems

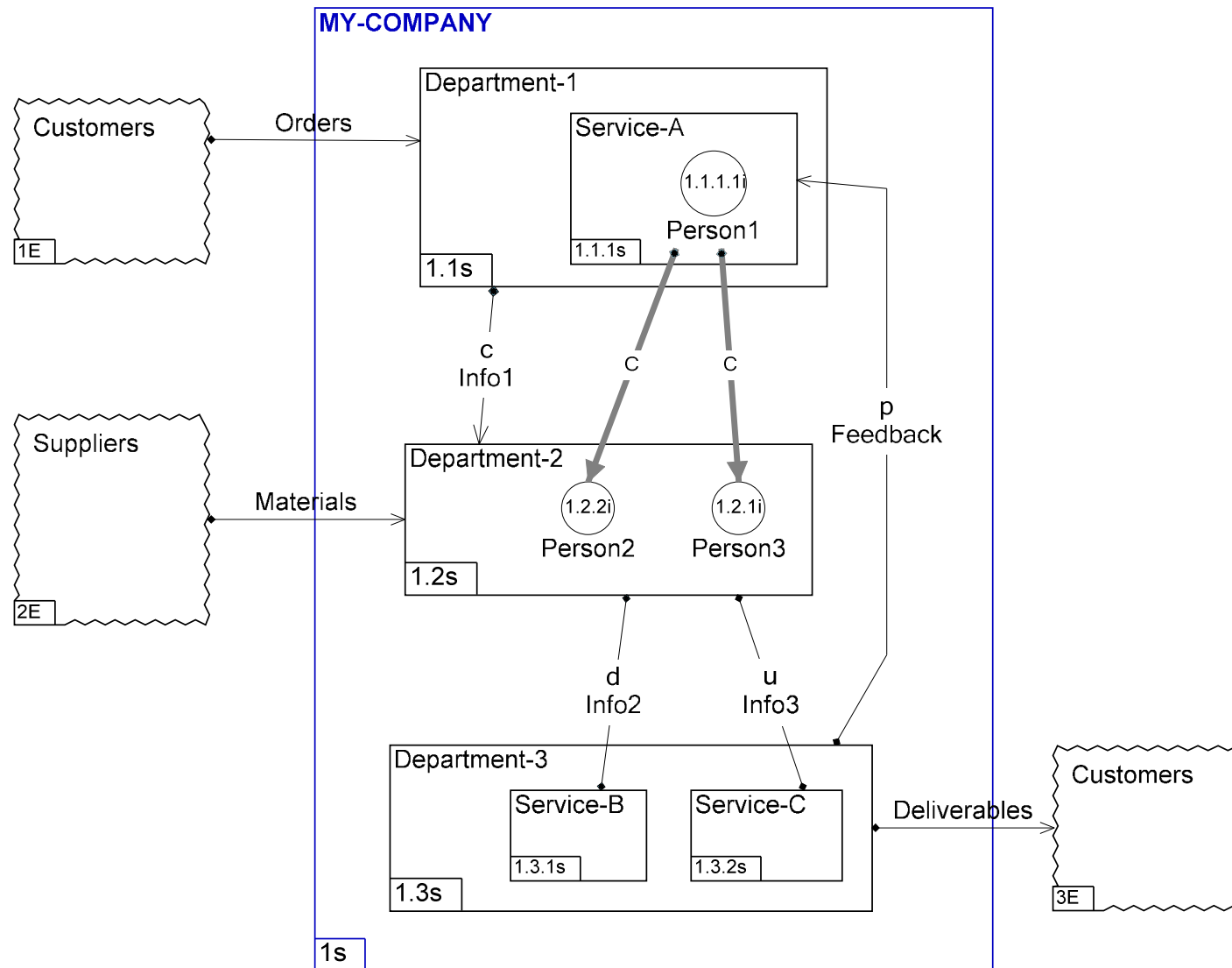


— c —>
communication

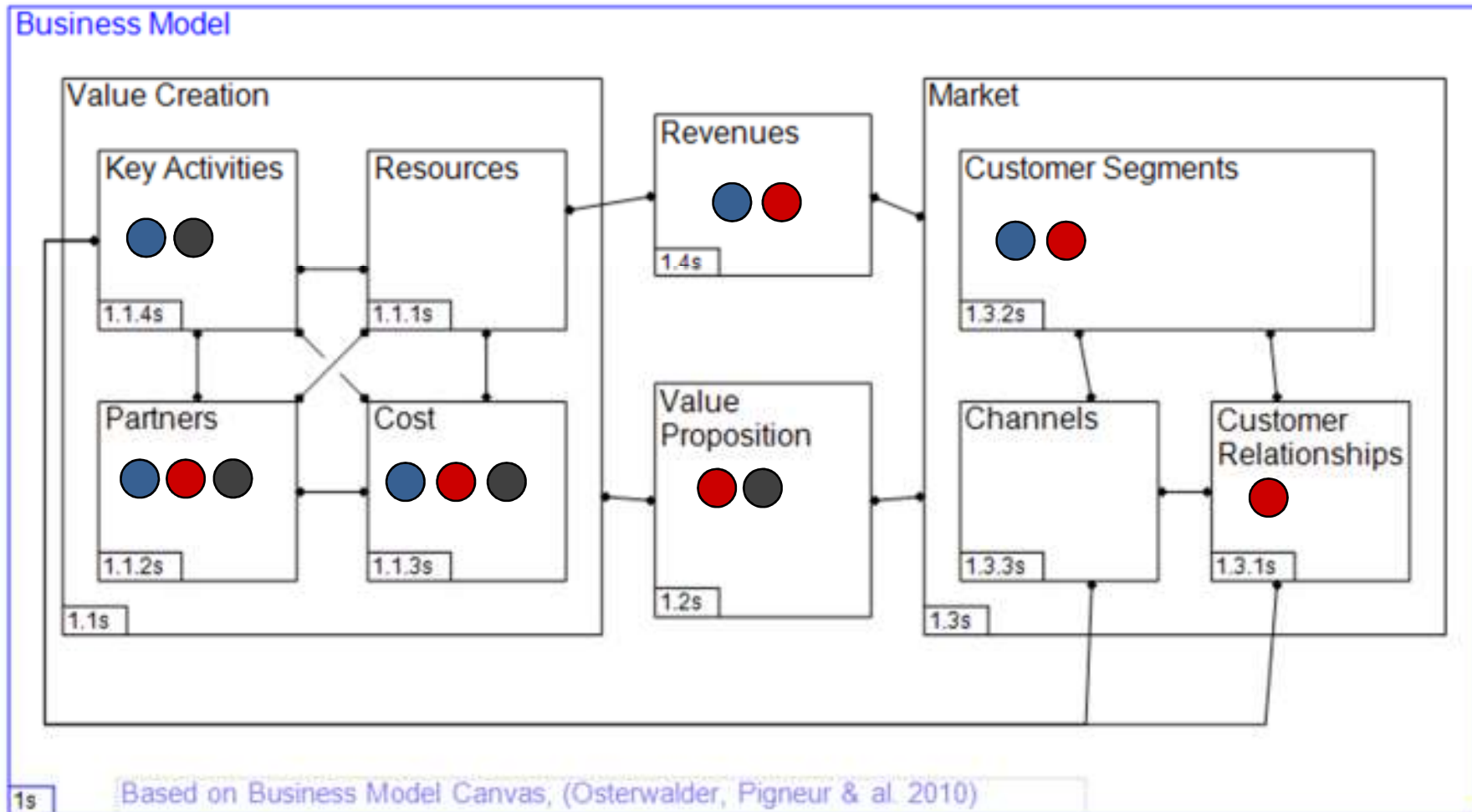
— C —>
CONTROL

Relations types		
c	C	communication
g	G	general interaction or influence
u	U	purposeful action
p	P	potential conflict
d	D	distorted communication
δ	Δ	distorted purposeful communication

DCSYM example



BMC as a system – DCSYM approach



● S/W Module 1

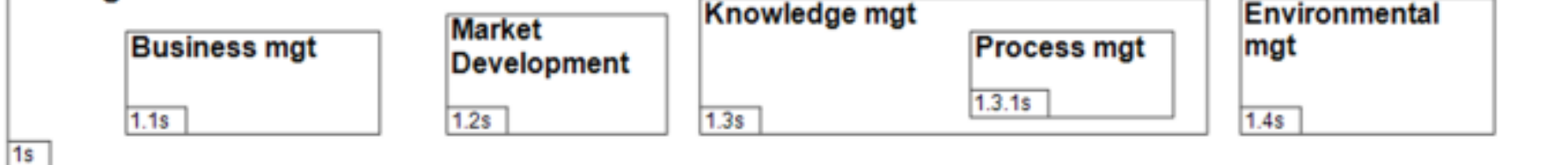
● S/W Module 2

● S/W Module 3

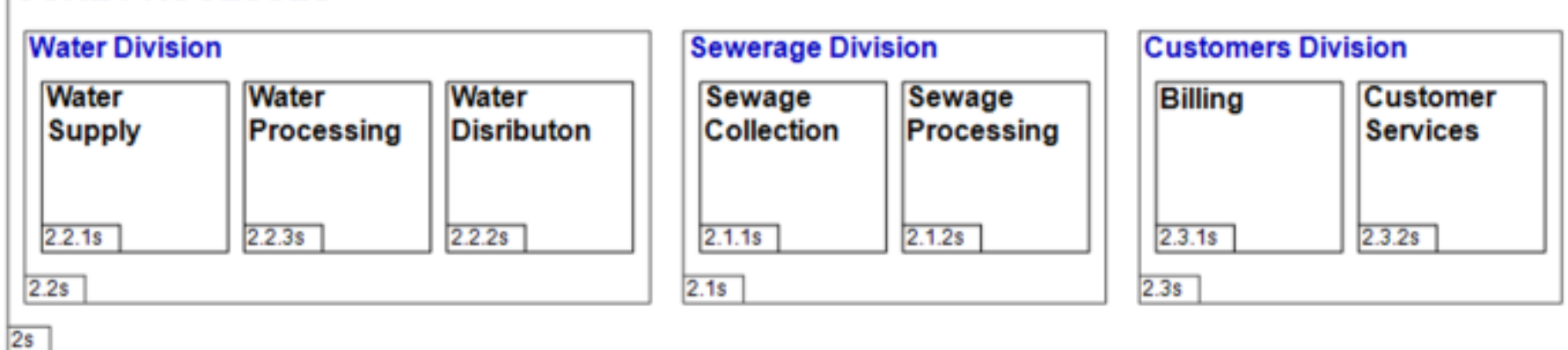
Mapping s/w on processes with DCSYM

Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company
(EYDAP S.A.)

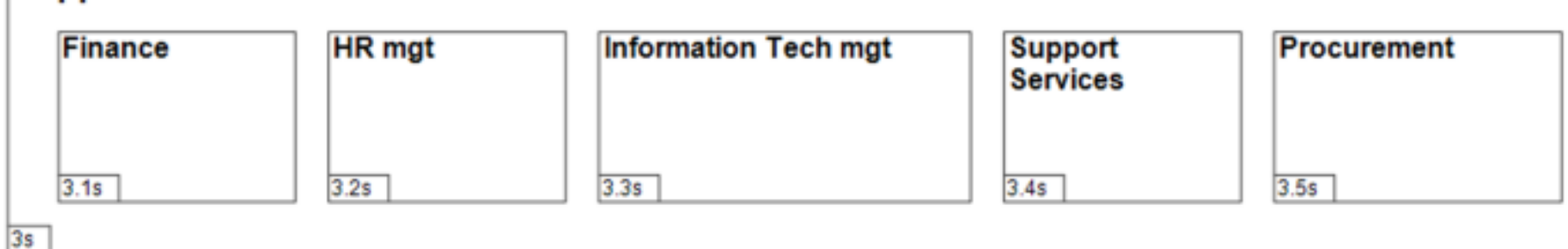
Management Processes



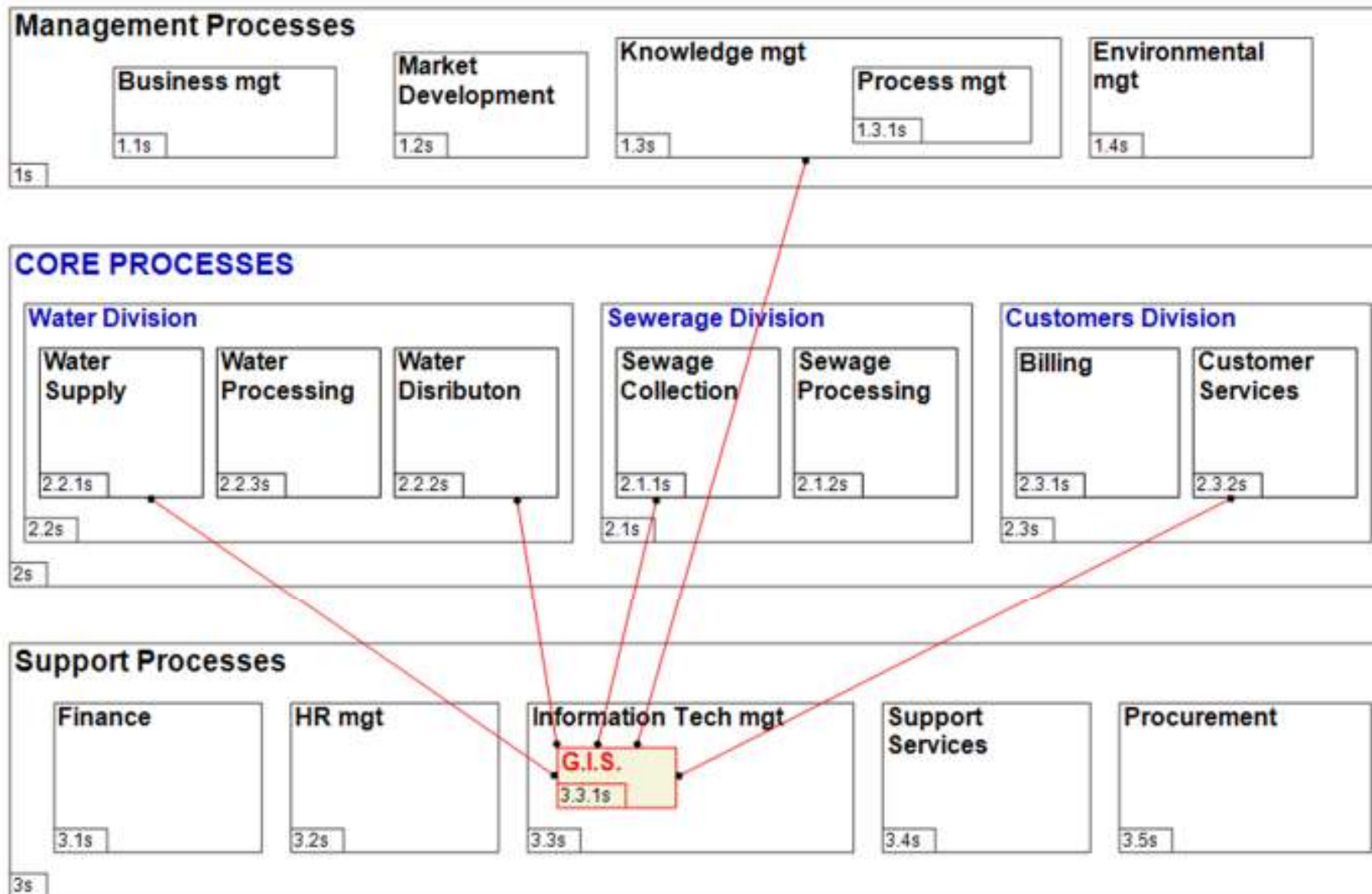
CORE PROCESSES



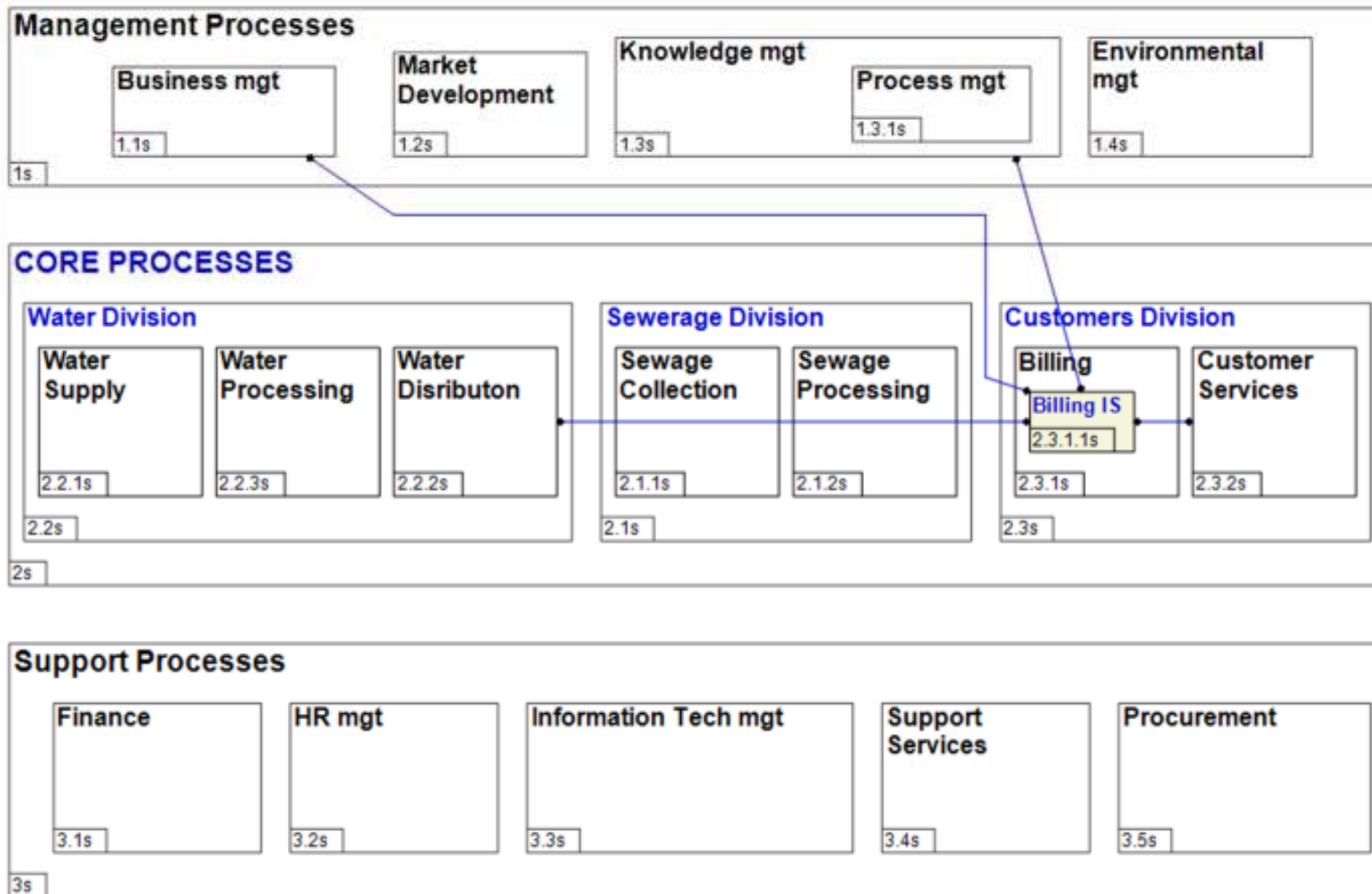
Support Processes



Mapping s/w on processes with DCSYM

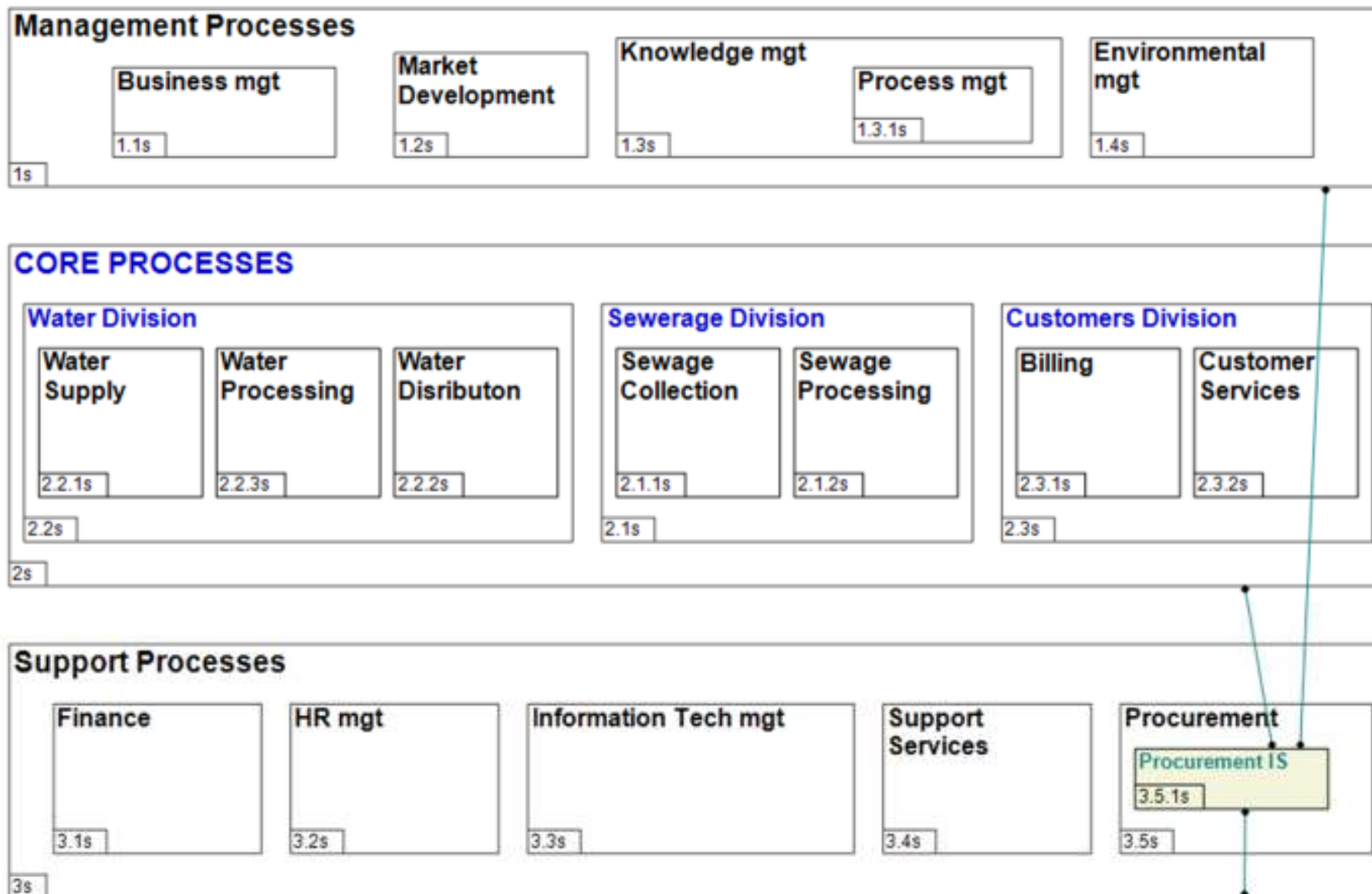
Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company
(EYDAP S.A.)

Mapping s/w on processes with DCSYM

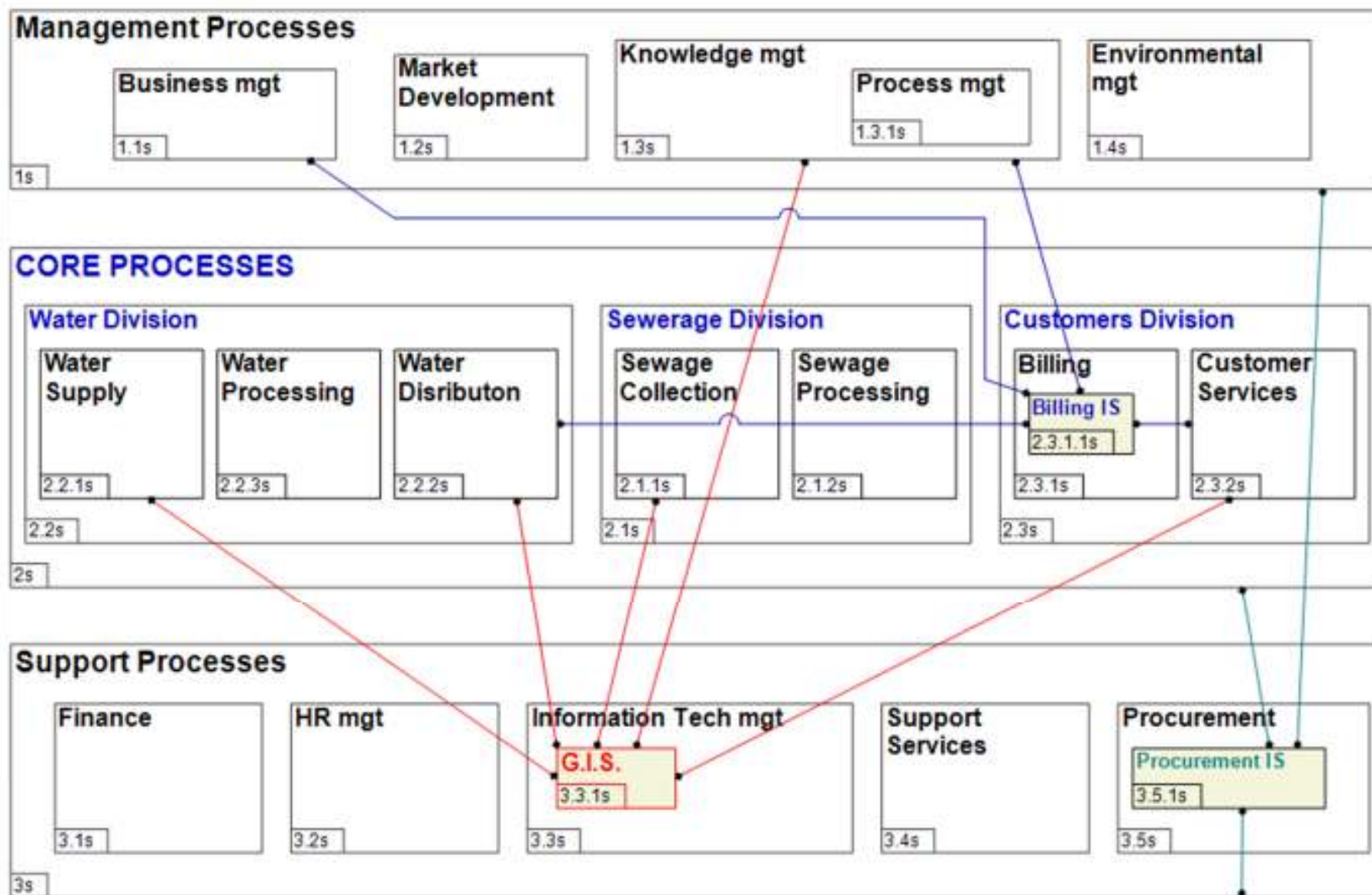
Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company
(EYDAP S.A.)

Mapping s/w on processes with DCSYM

Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company
(EYDAP S.A.)

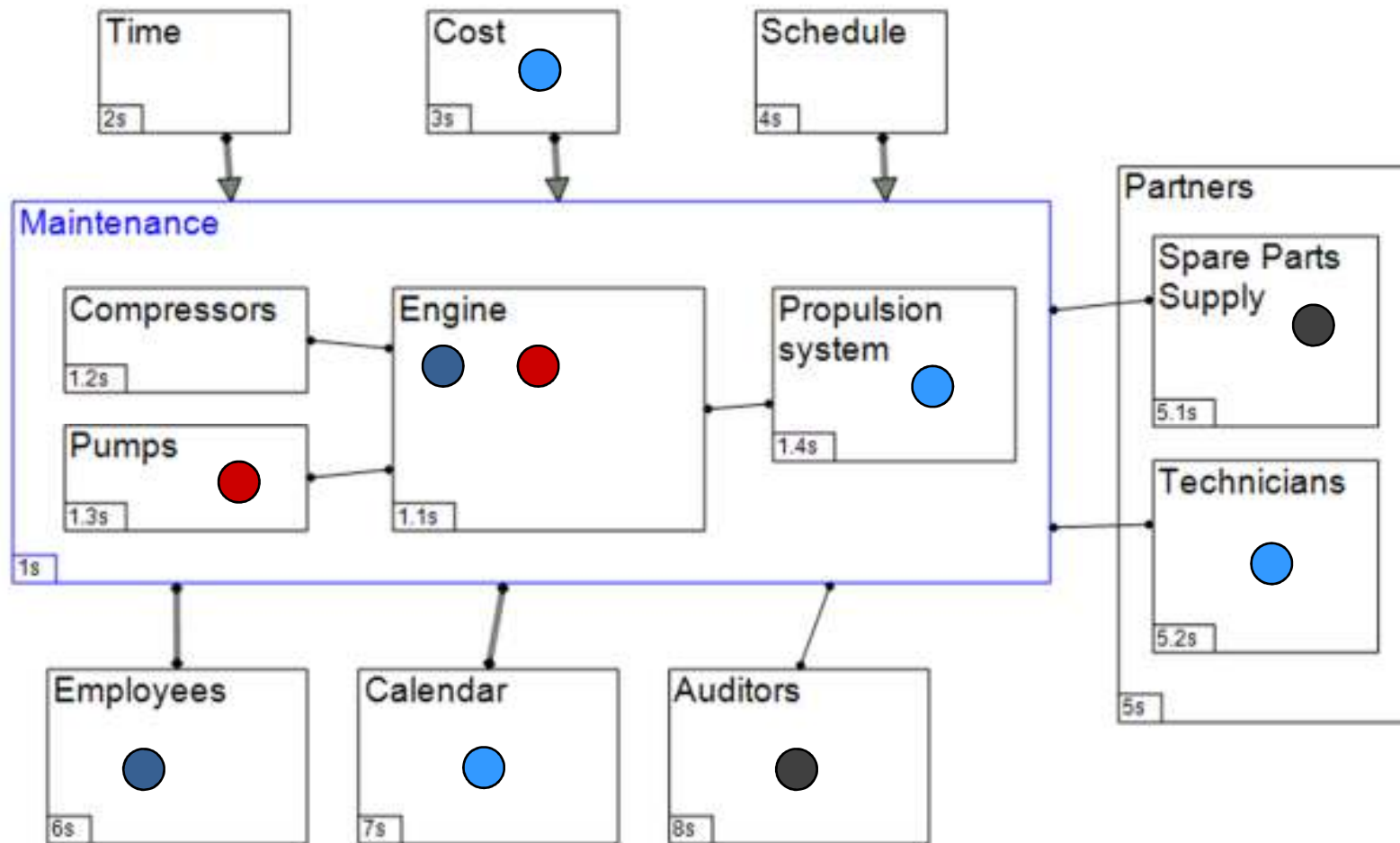


Mapping s/w on processes with DCSYM

Athens Water Supply and Sewerage Company
(EYDAP S.A.)

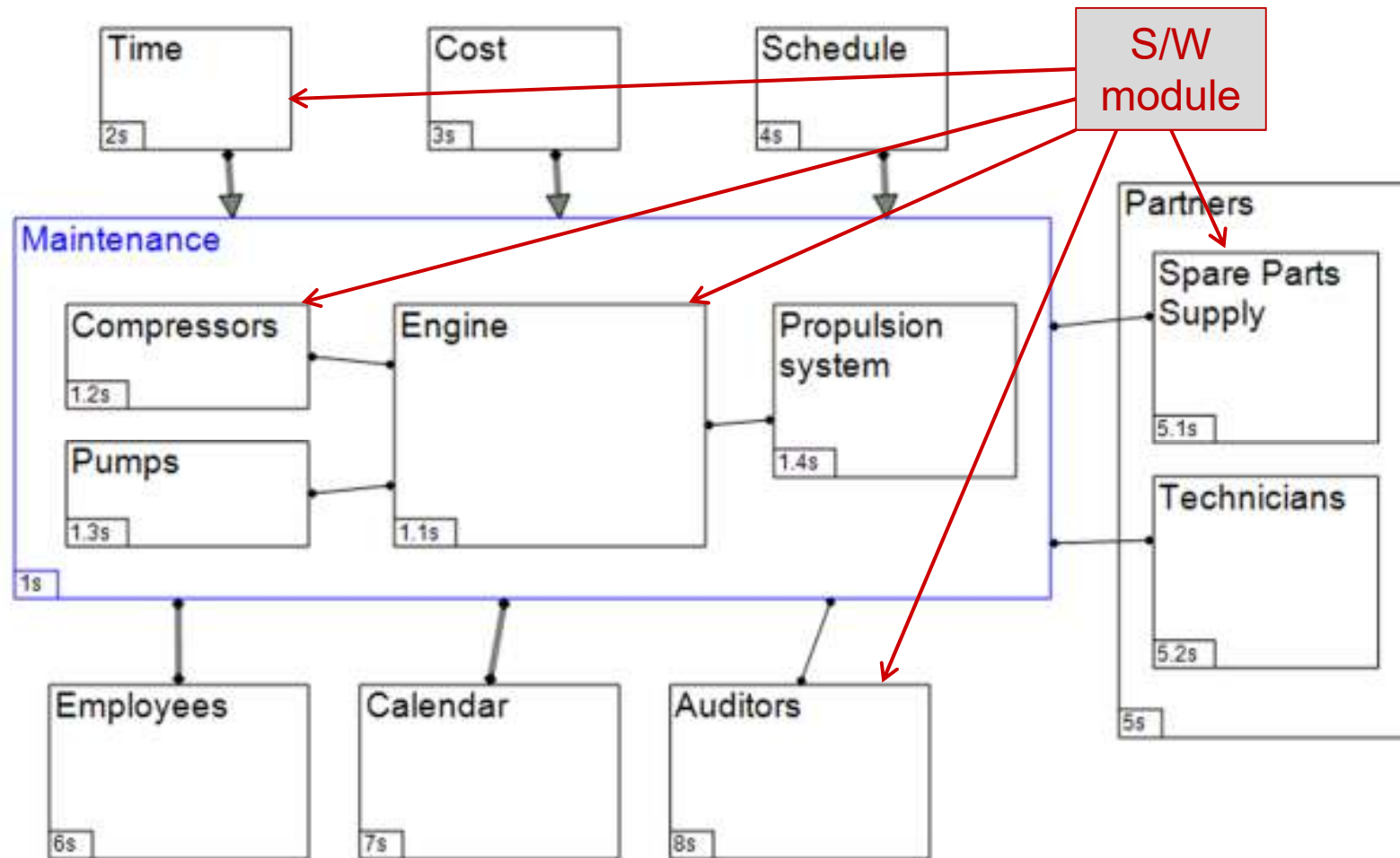
Maritime shipping company example #1

Systemic mental model: Keep engines operational

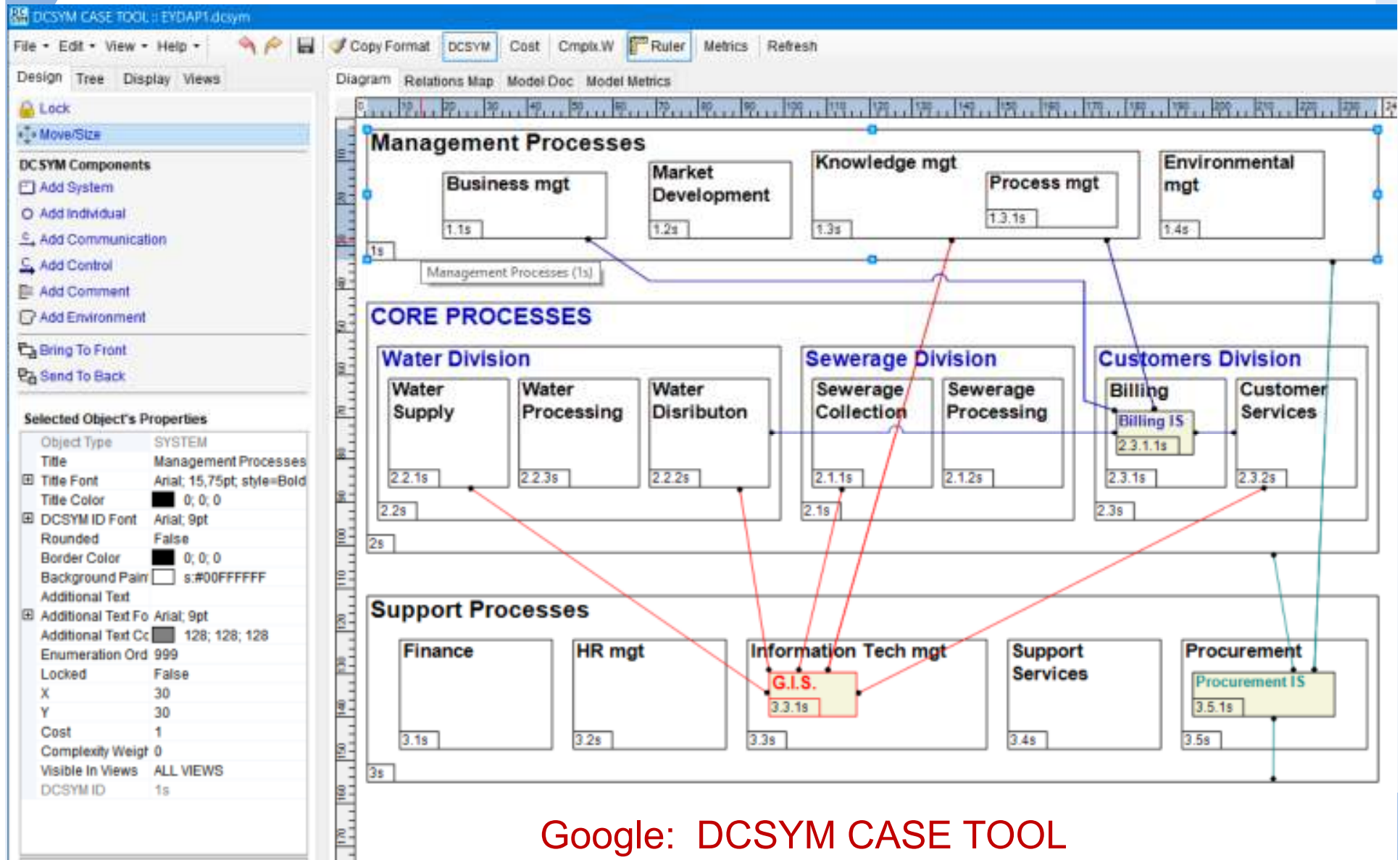


Maritime shipping company example #2

Systemic mental model: Keep engines operational



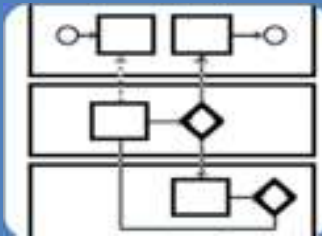
DCSYM & DCSYM CASE TOOL



Google: DCSYM CASE TOOL

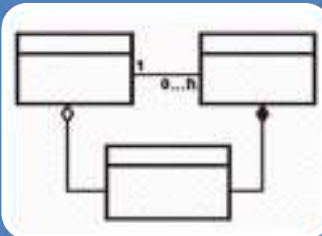
Why – How – What in s/w development

(in s/w development)



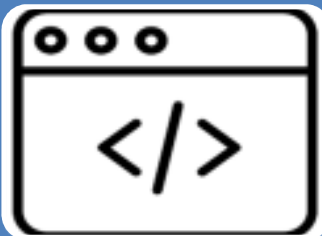
WHY we are doing something

- Defining goals (BMC, Value Chain, DCSYM...)
- Mapping the purpose



HOW we are doing it

- UML (Use Cases, Collaboration diagrams...)
- BPMN



WHAT we are doing

- Code
- Documentation...

Panagiotis Papaioannou
p.papaioannou@gmail.com

DCSYM for value modelling

- Shift from Software Maps to Goal or Value maps
- UML modelling is not for all stakeholders
- To create Goal/Value maps we need to find the purpose
- To find the purpose is not easy because we manage complex systems or situations
- To deal with complexity we create models and these models are our maps background
- There are some high level models for visualizing goals or value
- DCSYM is a methodology/tool aiming at systems modeling, thus, useful to create goals/value map background